

SPECIFICATIONS



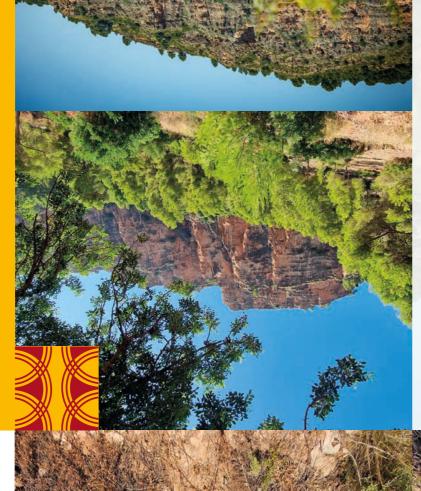
ETHNOLOCY

This circular route starts at the **Casa de la Senyoria** and leads to the Pedralvilla housing development. Taking the street San Félix southwards, you leave the town through the Doroau, between the southern part of Peña d'Alí Maimó and the reddish cliffs of Sella. This first part of the route coincides with the old Valencia road, which followed the edge of the ravine and connected the Olocau Valley with the towns of l'Horta Nord.

We continue following the signposts that will lead us through this shaded area of lush nature until we reach the Carraixet dam, built in 1988 to prevent floods from destroying the lower lands. The old Valencia road, which is no longer in use due to the construction of the new road towards Llíria, was cut off.

Once past the dam, we reach the cultivated lands of Pla de Sanxis and Campillo, where the route forks. At this major link, we will take the right path, heading west. The rest of the route goes through terraced olive and carob fields, some of them centuries-old, where we discover the agricultural richness that Olocau has always had. We will also pass by several housing developments such as La Lloma and several housing developments such as center.

To return to Olocau, we will walk about 500 m in the opposite direction on the same path, and at the junction we have already passed on the way, we will take the right path, neading east, which will lead us to the Campillo fork. Then, once again, we will follow the old Valencia road until we reach the urban area of Olocau.





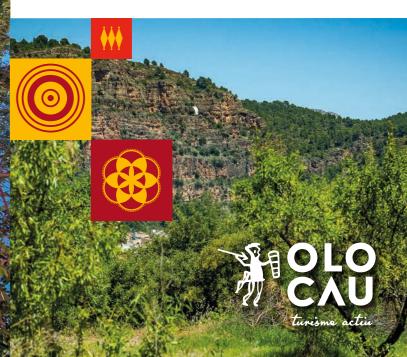
VECETATION YECETATION

This is an ideal route to observe the landscape differences offered by a municipality where natural forests converge with traditional cultivated fields.

In the first stretch, we will encounter a rugged landscape that runs along the course of the **Barranc de Carraixet**, where we will find Mediterranean flora in all its splendor, with species such as Phillyrea (Phyllirea angustifolia), oleander (Nerium oleander), Mediterranean dwarf palm (Chamaerops humilis), and the ubiquitous Aleppo pine (Pinus halepensis).

After passing the Carroixet dam, the partida of Campillo begins, and the surroundings change significantly to an agricultural landscape, one of the areas with the highest production in Olocau. Throughout the entire journey to the Pedralvilla housing development, we will see carob trees, almond trees, and olive trees, which, with their mountain variety, produce one of the finest olive oils, essential to Mediterranean cuisine and culture.

It is recommended to do this route at the end of winter, during the almond trees' flowering season, as this landscape is a spectacle for the eyes. It is an ideal route to traverse through Mediterranean forests and crops.















San José street, 28

(+34) 672 794 404
olocau@touristinfo.net
Calle de San José, 28.
Casa de la Senyoria
46769 Olocau (Valencia)
@turismeolocau

se.uecolo.emzinut.www



Visitor Rights and Obligations





A'DUATAMENT DADOLO'b

CALIDAD TURISTICA

õ





